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HONGKONG, MONDAY, JUNE 14, 1909.

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THORNE'S
OLD VAT

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As supplied
to the
House of
Commons.

SCOTCH WHISKY.

SOLE AGENTS IN
HONGKONG, CHINA & MANILLA.
A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd.

Hongkong, May 1, 1907.

CORPUS CHRISTI FESTIVAL.

Services at the Roman Catholic
Cathedral.

For the greater convenience of worshippers the Feast of Corpus Christi was celebrated at the Roman Catholic Cathedral on Sunday instead of Thursday although minor services have been held daily since Friday.

During the Triduum which preceded the Feast numerous Communion were administered daily from 8 to 7.30 a.m. and over a thousand people partook of the Holy Eucharist. The Church was especially decorated for the occasion, and it will remain so for the whole month, for this month is consecrated to the Sacred Heart of Jesus by the Catholic world.

The main altar was tastefully ornamented, having at its centre a beautiful canopy covering the throne where the Holy Sacrament was placed in a rich monstrance for public adoration, surrounded by artistic gilt metallic flowers interspersed by beautiful nickel candelsticks with large lighted candles. The frontage of the altar was a rich embroidery in relief representing the Agnus Dei reposing upon the Holy Scriptures, and the cloth-covering of the altar was of magnificent gold lace presented by the ladies of the Apostleship of Prayer, at the rear of the main altar, from the top of the arches to the basement, was a drape of red damask, and all the arches and pillars round the Church were decorated with red and white cloth. The pulpit was draped with white damask, the initials I.H.S. being conspicuously embroidered in the centre. At the nave numerous flowers in pots, amidst palms, covered the two corners between the channel, producing a magnificent effect as seen from the body of the Church. The main feature of the decorations was the altar consecrated to the Sacred Heart of Jesus. A life-size replica of the Sacred Heart rested within a large niche upon a marble pedestal covered with flowers, and beneath it were a profusion of lighted candles amidst numerous artistic porcelain flowers. From the ceiling two beautiful chandeliers, with ten candles each and a red globe in the centre, were lighted by electricity, and above the Communion table, close to the roof, about forty coloured globes interlarding the design of the iron supports, were brilliantly illuminated. To the left side of the altar five lily-brackets on top of the small niches, where various statues were located, were also lighted by electricity. On the opposite side of the altar were draped in heavy red velvet yellow ornaments. On the walls and pillars, small silk banners, inscribed in silver, the promises of Our Lord, were suspended.

Soon after 8 a.m. His Lordship Bishop Pozzoni vested with his Pontifical robes took his seat at the Epistle end, when the ceremony of the blessing of the Holy Sacrament took place, Mr. E. de Silva, the secretary of the Confraternity, holding the banner whilst it was being blessed. The banner is most richly decorated and reflects the greatest credit on the Italian convent where it was made. Immediately after, his Lordship proceeded to the main altar and commenced the Mass, assisted by the Rev. Fr. Gabardi, a deacon and subdeacon. The sanctuary was fully occupied by the clergy and the seminarians. The musical part was entrusted to the able conductorship of the Rev. Christian Brothers, with Mr. O. Baptista at the organ. The Mass was from German, well executed by the choir, consisting of the pupils and ex-pupils of St. Joseph's College. There was a very large congregation.

In the evening Vespers were sung, the Right Rev. Bishop Pozzoni officiating, and subsequently a most gorgeous and imposing procession attended by the band of the Sociedade Philharmonica proceeded into the grand old compound of the Cathedral. The processional music included "La Fête Dieu," "Dover Castle," and "Advance Guard," under the conductorship of Mr. I. Costa.

On returning to the sanctuary His Lordship preached an eloquent sermon in English.

The committee of the Confraternity entertained the Bishop and clergy, Mr. J. J. Leiria, Consul-General for Portugal and Brazil, and other exalted, the band of the Philharmonica, and the singers of the St. Joseph's College, all the conference hall, when light refreshments were served and toasts exchanged.

AN AMERICAN NEWSPAPER MAN RECOMMENDS A WELL-KNOWN REMEDY.

NOT long since the following editorial appeared in the Cincinnati Enquirer, Missouri, U.S.A. Editor: "The editor knows by personal experience that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy will cure diarrhoea, and we have heard like testimonials from other reliable people in the community. Everyone who has used this remedy has been cured by it. For sale by all chemists and druggists."

Business Notices.

W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.

HAVE BUILT OVER 100
FAST LIGHT DRAFT LAUNCHES, MOTOR
BOATS, MOTOR BARGES, TUGS, LIGHTERS
AND PASSENGER STEAMERS.

Works:—Kowloon Bay. Offices:—Hotel Mansions.

NOW ON SALE.

DETAILED MAP OF THE PEAK.

Giving Name, Number & Location of each House.

PLAN of City from Pokfulam Road to Wanchai Road; Residential Roads, numbered to date 1908.

Small Scale Map of Island, Channels and Kowloon Point, locating Docks, Railway, Green Island Cement Works, etc.

COPYRIGHT BY R. A. MASSEY.

The above is cloth-bound case with pocket for Map, names in English and Chinese, with pronunciation, and location of principal Roads and Streets, Peak, City and Kowloon with Localized Traffic for Chair and Ricksha-hire. Price \$2.00. Map alone \$1.00. To be had from CHINA MAIL, SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, KELLY & WALES, BERNARD & Co. and Thos. Cook & Son, Hongkong, May 20, 1909.

MEE CHEUNG & CO.,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

SPLENDID PICTURES

of the
AMERICAN FLEET AT AMOY.
STUDIO—ICE HOUSE STREET. STORM—BEACONSFIELD ARCADE.

LARGE STOCKS ARRIVED

OF

Light and Good Wearing Colours.



From top
to bottom of a House
Hall's Distemper is the quickest,
cleanest and most healthful form
of decoration, as well as the one
which conforms most to the
requirements of modern fashion
and good taste.

Hall's Sanitary
Distemper

(Trade Mark)

makes beautiful washable walls.

It is applied with a white-wash brush,
disinfects, and destroys all microbes,
dries like flat paint, and sets hard as
a cement. It contains no lead and
therefore does not discolor or turn
black, nor crack, scale or peel off.

Made in two qualities for inside and outside
work; sold and used by decorators everywhere.

Sample Shade Card and full particulars
sent free on application to

WILKS & JACK, LTD.,
11, Des Voeux Road Central, HONG KONG.

Hongkong, May 10, 1909.

CRAIGENOWER CRICKET CLUB
CONCERT.

THE OPEN AIR CONCERT of the
Craigengower Cricket Club advertised
for last Saturday, the 5th June, will take
place on THURSDAY, the 17th inst.,
commencing at 8.15 p.m.
Electric trams will run after the Concert.
Hongkong, June 12, 1909.

NIGHT STEAMER TO
CANTON.

New Twin Screw Steamer.

S.S. SAN CHEUNG

Fitted throughout with Electric Light
and Fans supplied in all Cabins.

(Captain J. McGilver).

Leaves Hongkong for Canton at 9 p.m.
SUNDAY, TUESDAY & THURSDAY.

Leaves Canton for Hongkong at 5.30 a.m. on
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY.

Fare, 1st Class, \$1.50 single passage.
Meals, \$1.00. Servants' passage must be paid for.

CHONG ON STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.,
No. 22, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hongkong, November 14, 1908.

E. C. WILKS,
M.I. MECH. E. A.M.I.N.A.

LATE OF WILKS & JACK, LD.

CONSULTING ENGINEER,
SURVEYOR, VALUER
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WORKS OF

WHARVES, FACTORIES,

AND ALL CLASSES OF

MACHINERY & EFFECTS.

YORK BUILDINGS,

(1st Floor), HONGKONG.

Office Tel. 195. Residence, K30.

Tel. Address: WICKERWORK, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, April 14, 1909.

GRAND CARLTON HOTEL.

8 and 10, Ice House Road.

FORTY LARGE AND AIRY ROOMS.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND HEAT THROUGHOUT.

MATRON IN ATTENDANCE.

Business Notices.

BELL'S ASBESTOS EASTERN AGENCY, LIMITED

SOLE AGENTS FOR BELL'S ASBESTOS CO., LTD., LONDON.

HAVE FUEL BY COVERING YOUR BOILERS AND STEAMPIPES

WITH

BELL'S ASBESTOS NON-CONDUCTING COMPOSITION.

ESTIMATES GIVEN

FOR WORK FURNISHED COMPLETE.

OR SUPPLIED IN

Bags of 1 cwt. each.

OFFICE—

4, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.

TELEPHONE No. 501.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

WHITE MOUNTAIN
ICE CREAM FREEZERS

1 qt. 1 qt. 2 qts. 3 qts. 4 qts. 6 qts. 8 qts.

Ice

Pails.

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OAK AND TEAKWOOD ICE-CHESTS

(ASBESTOS PACKED).

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

NESTOR SANITARY FLUID

A RELIABLE DISINFECTANT

Pint Tins 50 Cents.

One Gallon Tins \$2.

SUN GLASSES. SUN GLASSES.

HOUSEHOLD AMMONIA

For the Bath and all Toilet Purposes, Delicately Perfumed.

Half Pint Bottles 60 Cents.

VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

UNRIVALED FOR COMFORT AND COUSINE.

THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY.

MODERATE TERMS AND NO EXTRAS.

BAND AT LUNCHEON & DINNER. A. F. DAVIES, Manager.

PEAK HOTEL

ADAMANTLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

OPEN to the South Wind in Summer and protected from the North-east Winds in

Winter. Commanding magnificent view of Hongkong, the Harbour and adjacent

islands for forty miles.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS' HOTEL.

Terms—From \$5 per day. Telephone Add: "Peaceful."

Town Office: 4, Des Voeux Road.

Hongkong, February 8, 1909.

ORIENTAL HOTEL

No. 2, Queen's Road Central.

Telephone No. 187.

Mrs. M. MATTHEW, Proprietress.

A THOROUGHLY FIRST-CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE HOTEL.

CUISINE under European Supervision. Dishes at short notice. Private Bar and

Billiard Room. Monthly Rates for Table and Dinner.

W. MATTHEW, Proprietress.

ASTOR HOUSE HOTEL

(LATE CONNAUGHT HOTEL)

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

CENTRALLY situated, up-to-date Hotel. Recently renovated and under entirely

New Management. Large and Comfortable Rooms. Excellent Cuisine, under the

supervision of an experienced French Chef.

PARTICULARS AND RATES on application to MANAGER.

L. GAMBLAN, Proprietor. N. BLUMENTHAL, Manager.

Hongkong, October 5, 1908.

Business Notices.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.

PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 75 lbs. net, \$5.50 per Cask, ex Factory.

In Bags of 350 lbs. net, \$3.45 per Bag, ex Factory.

Shewan, Tomes & Co.,

GENERAL MANAGERS.

FAIRALL & CO

NEW GOODS.

AN ASSORTMENT OF

RIVER HATS

IN ALL SHAPES AND SHADES.

GLOVES, RIBBONS, SCARVES, VEILS & HOSIERY

NECKWEAR

DRESS MATERIALS IN GREAT VARIETY.

7 & 9, PEDDER STREET. TELEPHONE 644.

ASAHI BEER

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OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE

SOLE AGENT MITSUBISHI KAISER

DIAMONDS AND GEM-SET JEWELLERY

Rings, Brooches, Ear-rings, Pins, Pendants, Hair-combs,

Charmes, Chains, Links, &c.

Jade Stone and Chinese Made Gold Jewellery.

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES, CLOCKS, OPTICAL GOODS.

Repairs of Watches and Jewellery effected by experienced Europeans.

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34, Queen's Road Central, Opposite General Post Office.

BREWER & Co., Limited.

PEDDER STREET-ADJOINING MAIN ENTRANCE HONGKONG HOTEL.

TELEPHONE No. 696.

New Novels 35 cents each, 9 for \$1.00.

England's Part, by Wm. La Queer.

A Royal Affair, by Guy Boothby.

A Woman's Heart, by Charles Reade.

The Blasted Trail, by Stewart E. White.

The Log of a Cowboy, by Andy Adams.

Castle Omeragh, by Frankfort Moore.

The Chance of a Lifetime, by Nat Gould.

The Adventures of Allen, by Katharine Tegen.

The Fide of the Fiddler, by Hawley Smart.

The World and Winnow, by E. H. Fowler.

Wheels of Anarchy, by Max Pemberton.

Millonaires' Son, by Florence Warden.

When I was Old, by A. W. Macdonald.

Women, by Tom Gallon.

Illumination, by Harold Frederic.

The Six Triumphant, by A. L. F.

Davies.

Benita, by Rider Haggard.

The Story of Francis Glanville, by

Stanley Weir.

The Plains of Silence, by Alice and

Claude Aikew.

Mary, Monks with Robbers, by

Henry J. Barker.

David Baring, by Joseph Hocking.

Red Pottage, by Mary Cholmondeley.

No English Need Apply, by East

Stewart.

Kupper's Pilsener
Beer.

The Leading Beer in the Far East.

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Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co.,

11, Queen's Road Central.

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G. FALCONER & Co.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS.
HOTEL MANSIONS.
NEW SELECTIONS OF
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.
LARGE SELECTION OF PRESENTATION PLATE, CUPS, BOWLS, ETC.
G. FALCONER & Co. ARE AGENTS FOR ROSS'S FAMOUS TELESCOPES AND
BINOCULARS, LORD KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
ADMIRALTY CHARTS AND BOOKS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER.

WING KEE & CO.,

Nos. 47, 48 and 49, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, PROVISION MERCHANTS, COAL
MERCHANTS, &c., &c., OF FIFTY YEARS STANDING.
SHIP CAPTAINS ARE REQUESTED TO GIVE US A TRIAL.
FRANCISCO TSE YAT, General Manager.
Hongkong, August 12, 1908.

REMINGTON

TYPEWRITERS

WITH ALL REQUISITES.

SIEMSEN & CO.,

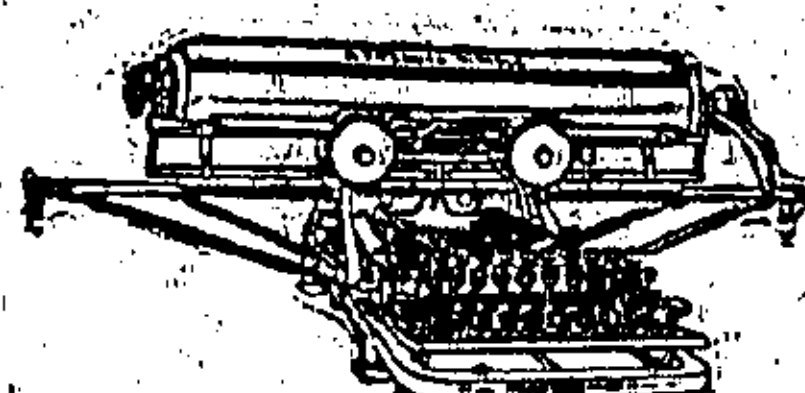
Hongkong, March 2, 1906

BADGER'S

FIRE EXTINGUISHER.

AN OUNCE OF PREVENTION IS BETTER THAN A POUND OF CURE.

Indispensable for Offices, Schools, Clubs, Hospitals,
Godowns, Hotels, most recommendable for Private Resi-
dences, especially in Hill Districts.



THE
PITTSBURG
VISIBLE
TYPEWRITER

RELIABLE, CHEAP, WRITING ALWAYS VISIBLE.

'Its All Write.'

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CHAMPAGNE

G.H. MUNN & Co.

REIMS

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO



Thos. James & Co.
GENERAL AGENTS

HONG KONG CANTON
& MACAO.

Hongkong, January 27, 1908

DINNEFORD'S

The Physician's
Best for Cuts,
Scalds and Bruises.



THE UNIVERSAL REMEDY for Ailments of the
Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion,
Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections,
Salts and most
Effective Astringent
for
Rheumatism.

WELLINGTON
KNIFE POLISH

BEST FOR CLEANING AND POLISHING
CUTLERY, KNIVES, &c.

JOHN C. WELLS & SONS

PREVENT FRUITION IN CLEANING
2 INJURY TO THE KNIVES

JOHN C. WELLS & SONS

PREVENT FRUITION IN CLEANING
2 INJURY TO THE KNIVES

Intimations.

MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA
(MITSU BISHI CO.)

COAL DEPARTMENT.

SOLE PROPRIETORS OF TARA,
SIMA, OGHI, MUTABE, HOJO,
NAMAZUTA, SAYO, SHINNEW
and KAMITAMADA Collieries.

SOLE AGENTS FOR KISHIDAOKI, MI
YAO, and KISHI-KOMATSU Coals.

HEAD OFFICE: TOKYO.
BRANCH OFFICES:—
Nagasaki, Moji, Karatsu,
Wakamatsu, Kobe, Osaka,
Shanghai, Hongkong, Hankow.

TEL. ADDRESSES for above: 'IWASAKI'.
Codes:—AI, ABO 5th Ed., Western Union.

AGENCIES:

YOKOHAMA: M. ASADA, Esq.

CHINKIANG: Messrs. Gearing &
Co.

MANILA: Messrs. Macdonray &
Co.

For particulars, apply to

H. OISHI,
Manager,
No. 9, PRINCE STREET,
HONGKONG.

Hongkong, January 9, 1908.

THE HONGKONG BAKERY

DORABJEE AND SON.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the

Partnership which has for some time

been carried on by DRUNJEEHOY

DORABJEE NOWROOJEE and ISMAIL

PILLAY MADAR as BAKERS, in and

upon the premises known as the HONGKONG

BAKERY under the style of DORABJEE &

SON was this day dissolved by mutual

consent.

The said DRUNJEEHOY DORABJEE

NOWROOJEE will continue to carry on the

said business as heretofore under the above

sign and name and will be responsible for

all the debts and liabilities of the Partnership

and he is authorised to collect all

outstanding accounts due to the Partnership.

AS WITNESS our hands this Twelfth

day of June, One thousand nine hundred

and nine.

(sd.) D. D. NOWROOJEE.

(sd.) I. P. MADAR.

WITNESSES to the signatures of

Dhunjee Dorabjee Nowrojee

and Ismail Pillay Madar.

(sd.) H. J. GEDGE.

Solicitor,
Victoria, Hongkong.

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KING EDWARD HOTEL

DORABJEE AND COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the

Partnership which has for some time

been carried on by DRUNJEEHOY

DORABJEE NOWROOJEE and ISMAIL

PILLAY MADAR as HOTEL PROPRIETORS

in and upon portions of Royal

Buildings and Prince's Buildings, Victoria,

Hongkong, under the sign of The King

Edward Hotel and under the Partnership

name of DORABJEE AND COMPANY

was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The said DRUNJEEHOY DORABJEE

NOWROOJEE will continue to carry on the

said business as heretofore under the above

sign and name and will be responsible for

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Solicitor,
Victoria, Hongkong.

772

CHEE WING & Co. 77

27, 28 and 29, LEE YUEN STREET (WEST),
HONGKONG.

ALL SORTS OF COFFEE, BRASS, STEEL,
IRON WARE, &c.

STEEL, GIRDERS AND IRON
CORRUGATED IRON, PIG IRON, &c.
suitable for
SHIP BUILDING and other purposes.
Catalogue No. 169. 1253

LABUAN COAL

THE LABUAN COALFIELD CO.,
LABUAN, LTD., has now prepared a
complete statement of LABUAN COAL
freshly dug, of the highest quality,
and is offered at the lowest prices.
The statement is in the form of a
booklet, and is sent free of charge
upon application to the Manager,
LABUAN COALFIELD CO.,
LABUAN, MALAYA.
Telephone 100.
HONGKONG, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

SCOTCH LETTERS.

(From our own Correspondent.)

HONGKONG, May 14.

THE SUPPLY.

The Radical electing experts in the
North of Scotland are alarmed at the effect
of the whisky impost, and upon repre-
sentations have been made to members in
whose constituencies there are distilleries
that the unfair taxation of whisky as com-
pared with beer will not only have a bad
effect industrially, but will have disastrous
results at the poll for supporters of the
Government. The question touches the
malt distillers in the counties north of
and including Perthshire in a special
degree, and also every agriculturist in
Scotland who grows the grain or who uses
the distillers' refuse to feed his cattle.
One of the Budget facts, which relates to a
preference to the foreigner, is being largely
quoted; it is that a bottle of our national
beverage, no proof strength, is now taxed
with a duty of rather over half-a-crown,
while a bottle of foreign wine not exceeding
30 degs. of alcoholic strength, is taxed at
twopenny halpenny.

The total abstainer is not affected by
the Budget, and many people would like
to see him got at in some fashion. The
Glasgow Herald publishes a rhyme in
which a "non-smoker testotoler" is sup-
posed to say,—

Lloyd-George missed me when he set

His Welsh brains to frame a Budget.

I don't smoke, so can't regard

Eightpences a pound, nor grudge it.

When my friends their whisky quaff,

"Thus," say I, "your thirst assists me.

At you all I have the laugh,—

Lloyd-George again has missed me!

LECTION FOR WEST EDINBURGH.

Sir Lewis Miller, an old Indian Civil
Servant, and a strong Unionist, retires
from the representation of West Edin-
burgh through ill-health. His successor
will be Mr. Avon Clyde, a leader at the
Scottish Bar, who was Solicitor General for
Scotland in 1905-6. Mr. Charles Eyll, the
member for East Dorset, was the pro-
spective Liberal candidate; but he would
require to resign his seat, which he holds
by a narrow majority of 19, and the prob-
ability is that Mr. Clyde will have a walk-
over, and that the fight will be postponed
till the General Election.

DOCKS FOR DREADNOUGHTS.

In response to Sir Arthur Bignold's sug-
gestion that there should be a floating dock
in Cromarty-Firth, the First Lord of the
Admiralty has replied that "there are no
facilities in the way of workshops in
Cromarty Harbour capable of dealing with
repairs to a battleship." This answer is
obviously not conclusive. If a floating dock
be provided, there would obviously be
no difficulty in providing workshops, and
I am told that the Admiralty could have
the choice of a superabundance
of ground for the purpose. Mr. McKinnon's
answer is, in fact, noncommittal, in
view of the fact that both the Admiralty
and the Imperial Defence Sub-Com-
mittee have under consideration the
whole problem of dock accommodation on
the East Coast. The matter is pressing,
for, according to the Cologne Gazette,
the number of docks building, or imme-
diately contemplated, for German Dread-
naughts, is twelve.

SCOTTISH GIFT TO A CRUISE.

A picturesque ceremony took place on
board the cruiser Roxburgh, at present in
the Firth of Forth,—the presentation of a
handsome shield from the people of the
county of Roxburgh. A distinguished
party of visitors from the Borders
were present, including Lord Reay,
Lord Lieutenant of the County, the
Earl and Countess of Dalkeith, and
Sir Richard Wallace Griffith. In the
preparation of the shield, which is
intended for competition among the gun
towers, the idea is the introduction of the
characteristics of the district, and the part
played by the county in the past by defend-
ing the Scottish Marches with "the finest
cavalry in Western Europe." The out-
standing figure, therefore, is a moose-trooper
on horseback, surrounded by the arms
and symbols of the County and of its
four burghs—Jedburgh, Hawick, Kelso,
and Melrose. The doors of the oak
case bear the arms of the principal clans—
Douglas, Kerr, Turnbull, and so on,—with
the following in old lettering: "These be
ye our armours of ye chief clans of Rox-
burghshire who kept ye Scottish Marches
in ye days of auld. God thaim defendit!"
Above this is carved Sir Walter Scott's
motto, "Watch weel." Lord Reay made
the presentation on behalf of 650 subser-
jants, and Lady Dalkeith unveiled the gift.
Captain Morgan-Singh, in accepting the
shield, said that the principal function of
the Roxburgh in war time would be to act
as one of the eyes of the Fleet, and he
thought, therefore, that the design and
motto was most appropriate.

DR. CANNON LEE'S FAREWELL.

The Lord Provost, Magistrate, and
Town Council, the Senatus of the Univer-
sity, and representatives of various other
public bodies, assembled in St. Giles'
Cathedral on Sunday morning to listen to
the farewell sermon of Dr. Cameron Lee.
His well-deserved honor. In the best
sense of the word he has been a Scottish
Broad Churchman, but he has not been a
typical Broad Churchman. He has been a
man of the old school, a man of the old
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POWELL'S

NEW GOODS.

FINE QUALITY
ZEPHYR SHIRTS.
CASHMERE AND LISLE
SOCKS

ELEGANT. SMART.

NECKWEAR
IN LARGE VARIETY.

28, QUEEN'S ROAD.

THEATRE ROYAL.

LAST PERFORMANCES OF

Merry
Little
Maids'
OPERA CO.

TO-NIGHT: TO-NIGHT:

JUNE 14th.

"THE MERRY WIDOW."

JUNE 15th.

"A WALTZ DREAM."

JUNE 16th.

"THE PRINCE OF PILSEN."

FULL ORCHESTRA.

24.....BALLET.....24.

Plan of Seats at MOUTRIE & CO.

PRICES.....\$3, \$2 & \$1.

A late Train will run to the Peak after

performances.

Hongkong, June 11, 1909. 787

VICTORIA

CINEMATOGRAH

GREAT SUCCESS.

of the Celebrated Artists

SISTERS COLLINS

Favourites of the Australian

Vaudeville.

SISTERS COLEMAN.

MATINEES

SATURDAYS & SUNDAYS, AT 4 P.M.

Hongkong, March 8, 1909. 328

ALEXANDRA

CINEMATOGRAH

2, ZETLAND STREET.

UNDER NEW

MANAGEMENT

WILL REOPEN LATER

IN THE SEASON.

Hongkong, January 26, 1909. 111

PATELL & CO.,

SHAMEEN, CANTON.

NOW OFFERING

STORES, WINES, SMOKES

OF FAMOUS BRANDS

AT MODERATE PRICES.

This well-regarded Store facilitates the

demands for

English, American & German

Provisions

Sole Agents for Hongkong & Canton.

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BABY GRANDS

and

UPRIGHT GRANDS

BY

RACHELS, RUD, BACH,

ROSENKRANZ,

BLUTHNER, STECK,

FLEYEL, KEMMLER,

CHAPPELL & HOPKINSON

etc., etc., etc.

NEW PIANOS

OF THE ABOVE

MANUFACTURES ONLY

TO BE HAD AT

S. MOUTRIE & Co., Ltd.,

SOLE AGENTS.

Hongkong, April 16, 1907.

A. S. WATSON

& Co., Ltd.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

CHEMISTS

BY APPOINTMENT TO HIS EX-

CELLENCY THE GOVERNOR

WATSON'S

Household

Ammonia.

For the Bath, Toilet and

Household.

Promotes a healthy action of the skin

counteracts all effects of perspiration

and is as refreshing and invigorating

to the system as a Turkish

Bath.

WATSON'S

Carbolic Soaps

Highly recommended by

the Medical Profession

in three strengths, containing 5%, 10% and

20% of pure carbolic acid.

WATSON'S

ORIENTAL

Turkish Bath Salt

Softens the water, and imparts a deli-

cious fragrance to the skin.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,

LIMITED,

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY

AND KOWLOON DISPENSARY.

WEEKLY NEWS

FOR HOME.

The Overland China Mail

FULL REPORT

LATEST INTELLIGENCE

While at Home.

The China Mail.

Sole Agents for Hongkong & Canton.

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THE CITY OF PARIS.

1, FIDELITY STREET.

PHONE No. 536.

CHEAP SALE

20%

OFF EVERYTHING.

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including postage, \$3.50 per month.

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per year; including postage, \$17.00

per year.

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by messenger, including all Peak, Kowloon

and Quarry Bay residences.

Single copies, Daily, ten cents; Weekly,

thirty cents; for cash.

Telegraphic Address, "MAIL, Hongkong.

Code, A. B. C. 5th edition.

TELEPHONE No. 22.

CHINA MAIL LIMITED.

DEATH.

MORRIS.—At her residence, 28, Na-

than Road, Kowloon, MARY ANN, dearly

beloved mother of Mabel Mason. Aged

63 years.

MEMOS FOR TO-MORROW.

Meeting.

5.45 p.m.—Meeting of Royal Hongkong

Yacht Club at Club House.

Amusements.

9 p.m.—Performance of Bandmann

Opera Co. at City Hall.

Miscellaneous.

Goods per Benet's undelivered after

this date subject to rent.

Goods per Dewar's not cleared at 4 p.m.

on this date subject to rent.

General Memoranda.

WEDNESDAY, June 16:—

Goods per Samui Maru not cleared

on this date subject to rent.

THURSDAY, June 17:—

5 p.m.—Auction of Valuable Postage

Stamps at Mr. G. P. Lammer's sales

rooms.

9.15 p.m.—Open Air Concert at the

Craigswater Cricket Club's Ground.

Goods per Tenny Maru undelivered,

at noon on this date subject to rent.

Goods per Brasilia undelivered after this

date subject to rent.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JUNE 14, 1909.

CHINESE RAILWAYS.

If China could only see her way

to profit by the lavish stream of

good advice which her well-wishers

are now pouring out for her delecta-

tion we should soon have in this

very faulty world of ours a state govern-

ed by the lofty principles dictated by

the counsels of supreme perfection. But

from what we can gather of the real con-

dition of the public mind China means,

more determined than ever, to "gang

her sin gait," and outsiders may, for

the present at all events, spare their

breath and save their ink, though

they may well pray that she be per-

mitted to see the error of her ways

before it is too late. The old men of

It contained much matter for thought

and we earnestly hope that our Chinese

readers will study the subject as care-

fully and sympathetically as the lecturer

has done. Mr. BARRY reviewed the whole

field of Chinese railway building from

the time of the ill-fated Woosung line,

laid down in 1875, to the present day,

when railways are no longer objects of

aversion in the Middle Kingdom but

are looked upon as necessary though

annoying adjuncts to the developing of

the trade and industry of the country.

We do not intend to review the paper

in its entirety, but would like instead

to notice the closing paragraphs in

which the speaker points out the great

lack at the present moment of

properly trained Chinese engineers

and the bounden necessity, until

China has equipped herself, of the

employment of competent foreign assist-

ants to superintend the building of

her railways. "There is little doubt,"

he said, "that for some time to come

China will have to engage engineers

from abroad to meet her requirements,

and the same remarks apply to the

senior officers of other railway depart-

ments. There is nothing derogatory to

Chinese dignity in this. China has

always been loyally served by the fore-

igners whom she has employed, and

always will be. Their knowledge and

experience in their own spheres have

been, and will be, of the greatest benefit

to her in every way; but if China is to

be able to borrow the money she

requires abroad, on the best terms, it

will be necessary to cultivate the

confidence of the foreign investor, a

confidence which events recently have

been calculated to shake."

Mr. Barry sees a way out of the

dilemma in which China now finds

herself, in the establishment in Peking

of a Railway Board. He outlines a very

practical scheme, but we fear that China,

in her present wayward and perverse

mood, is not likely to follow the well-

meant advice. Says Mr. Barry:—

"What I venture to think is required is

a strong and capable Railway Depart-

ment or Board in Peking, so constituted

as to command the confidence of the

foreign investor, and strong enough to

command respect everywhere in China

itself. The present Board of Com-

munications falls short of this. Such

a Department would have its staff of

expert assistants and inspectors, both

Chinese and foreign, and keep in touch

with the administration of each railway,

who would be responsible to the Board.

The net earnings of all railways, after

payment of the cost of maintenance and

renewals would be paid to the

Government Railway Department—the

principles of its organisation might be

somewhat similar to those of the

Imperial Maritime Customs. A definite

policy and a definite programme of

railway construction should be laid

down. To build up the revenues of the

Board the best paying railways should

be constructed first. The revenues and

expenditure of the Board should be

published. In time I think a Board so

constituted would be able to raise loans

on its general revenues; and pay off the

various loans for the service of which the

revenues of different existing railways

are now hypothecated."

The Shanghai Mercury pays a dividend

of ten per cent. for the past year.

The English Mail of the 15th May

was delivered in London on the 15th inst.

Since the work of emigration began

in 1906, leprosy shows signs of diminishing

in the Philippines.

Notice is given that on or about the 15th

instant the character of the Wangmoon

Beacon Light will be changed from white

to red.

There were 429 European and 258

Chinese visitors to the City Hall Library,

and 206 European and 2,352 Chinese

visitors to the Museum during the week

ending 13th June.

What a reputation for keeping late

hours Hongkong will obtain when the

following paragraph has duly circled the

globe:—"Empress boats find it possible to

call up Hongkong with wireless at night,

but not in the day-time."

We have been favoured by the Dairy

Farm Co. Ltd. with a pair of their Honey-

suckle Brand Butter, and having tasted

same pronounce it as excellent. We do

not hesitate to say that our opinion agrees

with their statement that it is "the finest

in Asia."

Stanley Ling reports to the police that

while he was riding in a public chair on

the morning of the 13th inst, he either lost

or had stolen, while under the influence of

drink, a Waltham watch, two gold rings,

and a silver cigarette case of the total

value of £9.

Mr. Dobie, agent in Hongkong of the

Chinese Engineering and Mining Co., Ltd.,

informs us that the total output of the

Company's three mines for the week end-

ing 29th May, 1909, amounted to 31,947.37

tons and the sales during the period to

32,115.23 tons.

The public will be interested to hear that

Messrs. Patel & Co. have taken over the

business of the firm of Framjee Sorabjee

& Co. at Hankow. Messrs. Patel & Co.

have now branches at Hongkong, Canton,

Hankow, and Calcutta. We understand

Mr. M. J. Patel is the sole proprietor.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

The Empress of Korea has just had her

first railway ride. Her Majesty thoroughly

enjoyed the experience.

Manila papers say:—"Stark is to visit

Alice at Beverly, Mass." A word to the

wise is sufficient, we imagine.

Mr. Sundius, late British Consul at

Amoy, left Hongkong by the Empress

packet, on his way home on long leave.

MONDAY, JUNE 14, 1909.

SOLICITOR'S CONDUCT
QUESTIONED.MOTION FOR MR. C. F. DIXON
TO BE STRUCK OFF THE
ROLLS.

An important case came before the Chief Justice, Sir Francis Pigott, and Mr. Justice Gompertz, sitting as a Full Court, at the Supreme Court today, in which Mr. C. F. Dixon, solicitor, of Messrs Hastings and Hastings, was called upon to show cause why he should not be struck off the Rols.

Mr. E. Potter appeared for the applicant, instructed by Mr. E. D. Wilkinson of Messrs Wilkinson and Grist, and Mr. H. G. Calhoun defended, instructed by Mr. J. Scott Harston.

There were a number of members of the legal profession in Court during the hearing.

Mr. E. Potter said that he would first of all deal with the question of the jurisdiction of that court in a case of that kind. In order to make it perfectly clear to the Court, he would first of all state that the new procedure in England: The procedure in force before the passing of the Act of 1888 must apply to this Colony and the procedure now in force in England did not apply.

Before the Act of 1888 a motion made to the High Court on an affidavit put in by the plaintiff in a matter of that kind and if that affidavit contained any charges of a criminal nature the court, in fairness to the defendant, did not compel him to answer that affidavit by another affidavit. He thought that the reason was obvious that if the court made an order for the defendant to answer the affidavit he must answer the affidavit or be guilty of contempt of court or, if guilty, the affidavit would be a false and lying one so against a defendant the court did not compel the defendant to answer by affidavit.

That was the only indulgence which the court would show to a defendant and what the court would do, and what their lordships would find in the decision of the court, was that an order should be made for him to show cause why he should not be struck off the Rols. In that case a defendant was bound to answer the charge or not as he thought fit. He was not bound to put in any statement but if one was put in it was a *prima facie* defence and the charges were to be taken as a total denial of the charges as in that case, then the court referred the whole matter to a Master who heard the evidence of both sides and he reported his findings to the High Court who then considered the findings of the Master were sufficient to justify them in striking him off the Rols the High Court struck him off and if they thought suspension for a time was sufficient punishment they suspended him and the matter did not go any further. The only difference here was that there was no Master but their lordships fulfilled the functions of the Master.

The Chief Justice:—But I don't know about the Master. The functions of the Master are performed by an officer of the court called the Registrar.

Mr. Potter:—He cannot do everything that a Master can do.

The Chief Justice:—He takes summary.

Mr. Potter:—He can also order judgments under rule 14. The Full Court referred the matter to one of the judges of that Court, who reported to the Full Court, which decided the matter.

Under the new procedure of 1888 the motion of the High Court was made by the High Court in Chambers. It went direct in the first instance to the Law Committee and a motion was made to the High Court and then the committee reported to the High Court who then decided accordingly with it. Having shown what the procedure was, he would show that their jurisdiction was disciplinary and not criminal. If a solicitor of that honourable court had charges against him, it was the duty of that court to decide whether or not to continue as an officer of that court. It did not find that he had been guilty of a criminal offence and the court was not concerned with that. It was true that the charges might be criminal but their jurisdiction was not criminal.

The Chief Justice said he did not see how they could deal with a disciplinary matter if the criminal charges were not proved.

Mr. Potter replied that a defendant might not be a fit and proper person to continue on the Rols who was charged with embezzlement.

The Chief Justice:—If we do not find him guilty of embezzlement?

Mr. Potter:—You find certain charges are proved, therefore he is unfit to continue on the Rols. The procedure in that case was civil and the court would not hold him liable although a charge of a criminal nature was made against the defendant although all the charges were denied.

Counsel then dealt with numerous authorities on the point.

The Chief Justice asked what procedure counsel proposed.

Mr. Potter replied, to hear witnesses or refer the matter to one of the judges as Master, who would report to the Full Court.

Mr. Calhoun said that their lordships would notice that the case was brought by persons acting in their private capacity and not in accordance with the usual procedure in England where it was brought by an independent person acting as a solicitor for the good of the profession in general. Some years ago the Privy Council dealt with a somewhat similar case of a solicitor on the Gold Coast and the Privy Council in dealing with the case expressed the opinion of the undeniability of the proceedings being conducted by a private, independent person and suggested that the proper person to take proceedings of such a description would be some independent person such as the Attorney General of the Colony.

The Chief Justice:—There is nothing to prohibit a private person applying to the court. No, but the Incorporated Law Society always appears.

Mr. Calhoun submitted that that was a case which should go to a jury.

Mr. Potter replied.

The Chief Justice said that when he had seen the case that morning he had been very much impressed that that case was one of the sort which should go before a jury but the very able arguments on both sides had convinced him that in the question at issue it was not always necessary. The application of a jury would only be to ascertain the facts and for the ascertaining of the facts in that case he did not think a jury was necessary.

In that case, in that Colony, it seemed clear that the colonial law was not that case, and the Supreme Court, because the law was so Master who could stand in place of the Incorporated Law Society and that was the court, which it was taken by a judge by himself or

HEALTH RETURNS.

DISCHARGED AND RE-ARRESTED.

The returns of communicable diseases within the Colony for the week ended June 13th include 11 cases of plague and 9 deaths—one Indian, ten Chinese and one imported. One case of diphtheria and one fatal case of enteric; one fatal case of smallpox, all Chinese.

Lau, Fat Tong was again brought before Mr. F. A. Hazelland at the Magistracy today, and was formally discharged, the allegation against him having been one of armed robbery, for which he is wanted by the Chinese Government. This is the second time he has been discharged on a similar count. Mr. Reader Harris, from the office of Messrs Wilkinson and Grist, appearing for him on both occasions.

No sooner had prisoner left the Court, however, than Chief Detective Inspector Hanson again caused him to be arrested on a similar allegation.

Lau says he is a follower of Sun Yat Sen, and is only a political offender.

THE USEFULNESS OF
WIRELESS.

Mr. Crockett, the Agent in Hongkong of the C.P.R. steamers, was today in receipt of a cable from Yokohama advising that a wireless message has been received from the Empress of China to the effect that she will reach Yokohama at 7 a.m. on the 16th inst.

This ship left Vancouver one day later, and as the 15th is her correct date of arrival at Yokohama, she has made up on her voyage. The accurate information of this kind in this case, then the court referred the whole matter to a Master who heard the evidence of both sides and he reported his findings to the High Court who then considered the findings of the Master were sufficient to justify them in striking him off the Rols the High Court struck him off and if they thought suspension for a time was sufficient punishment they suspended him and the matter did not go any further. The only difference here was that there was no Master but their lordships fulfilled the functions of the Master.

The Chief Justice:—But I don't know about the Master. The functions of the Master are performed by an officer of the court called the Registrar.

Mr. Potter:—He cannot do everything that a Master can do.

The Chief Justice:—He takes summary.

Mr. Potter:—He can also order judgments under rule 14. The Full Court referred the matter to one of the judges of that Court, who reported to the Full Court, which decided the matter.

Under the new procedure of 1888 the motion of the High Court was made by the High Court in Chambers. It went direct in the first instance to the Law Committee and a motion was made to the High Court and then the committee reported to the High Court who then decided accordingly with it. Having shown what the procedure was, he would show that their jurisdiction was disciplinary and not criminal. If a solicitor of that honourable court had charges against him, it was the duty of that court to decide whether or not to continue as an officer of that court. It did not find that he had been guilty of a criminal offence and the court was not concerned with that. It was true that the charges might be criminal but their jurisdiction was not criminal.

The Chief Justice said he did not see how they could deal with a disciplinary matter if the criminal charges were not proved.

Mr. Potter replied that a defendant might not be a fit and proper person to continue on the Rols who was charged with embezzlement.

The Chief Justice:—If we do not find him guilty of embezzlement?

Mr. Potter:—You find certain charges are proved, therefore he is unfit to continue on the Rols. The procedure in that case was civil and the court would not hold him liable although a charge of a criminal nature was made against the defendant although all the charges were denied.

Counsel then dealt with numerous authorities on the point.

The Chief Justice asked what procedure counsel proposed.

Mr. Potter replied, to hear witnesses or refer the matter to one of the judges as Master, who would report to the Full Court.

Mr. Calhoun said that their lordships would notice that the case was brought by persons acting in their private capacity and not in accordance with the usual procedure in England where it was brought by an independent person acting as a solicitor for the good of the profession in general. Some years ago the Privy Council dealt with a somewhat similar case of a solicitor on the Gold Coast and the Privy Council in dealing with the case expressed the opinion of the undeniability of the proceedings being conducted by a private, independent person and suggested that the proper person to take proceedings of such a description would be some independent person such as the Attorney General of the Colony.

The Chief Justice:—There is nothing to prohibit a private person applying to the court. No, but the Incorporated Law Society always appears.

Mr. Calhoun submitted that that was a case which should go to a jury.

Mr. Potter replied.

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by the Full Court, in which disciplinary measures against a solicitor must be taken. He agreed that the disciplinary powers having been invested in that court, they could not refuse to hear the action. A rule nisi would be granted and the case would come before the court.

The case is down for hearing to-morrow morning at 10.30 a.m. before the Full Court.

There were a number of members of the legal profession in Court during the hearing.

Mr. E. Potter said that he would first of all deal with the question of the jurisdiction of that court in a case of that kind. In order to make it perfectly clear to the Court, he would first of all state that the new procedure in England: The procedure in force before the passing of the Act of 1888 must apply to this Colony and the procedure now in force in England did not apply.

Before the Act of 1888 a motion made to the High Court on an affidavit put in by the plaintiff in a matter of that kind and if that affidavit contained any charges of a criminal nature the court, in fairness to the defendant, did not compel him to answer that affidavit by another affidavit. He thought that the reason was obvious that if the court made an order for the defendant to answer the affidavit he must answer the affidavit or be guilty of contempt of court or, if guilty, the affidavit would be a false and lying one so against a defendant the court did not compel the defendant to answer by affidavit.

That was the only indulgence which the court would show to a defendant and what the court would do, and what their lordships would find in the decision of the court, was that an order should be made for him to show cause why he should not be struck off the Rols. In that case a defendant was bound to answer the charge or not as he thought fit. He was not bound to put in any statement but if one was put in it was a *prima facie* defence and the charges were to be taken as a total denial of the charges as in that case, then the court referred the whole matter to a Master who heard the evidence of both sides and he reported his findings to the High Court who then considered the findings of the Master were sufficient to justify them in striking him off the Rols the High Court struck him off and if they thought suspension for a time was sufficient punishment they suspended him and the matter did not go any further. The only difference here was that there was no Master but their lordships fulfilled the functions of the Master.

REV. F. B. MEYER'S
VISIT.

A BUSY WEEK-END.

At 5.30 o'clock on Saturday a considerable company of persons, associated more or less directly with the Sunday School work of the Colony, met in the City Hall, their purpose being to hear an address from the Rev. F. B. Meyer, who, as the first President of the World's Sunday School Association, has had experience with him unique in certain of its aspects of Christian and Church effort in this particular sphere.

As regards the attendance of adults the Chinese and non-Chinese sections of the audience appeared to be in fairly equal numbers. Among the young people present there was a preponderance of Chinese.

Proceedings were opened with devotional exercises, followed by endeavours on the part of Mr. Meyer to test the singing ability and proficiency of those present, alike in groups and as an entire company. There were also recitations by the audience, in the various languages and dialects represented in the hall of well-known passages of Scripture.

Mr. Meyer commenced his address by remarking that he would speak first to the younger persons assembled and afterwards to their elders. He wished to have at the outset the earnest attention of those who are on their way to be learners in Sunday Schools and whom he hoped would one day become teachers—and having spoken to these, he would then address himself to those who are at the present time engaged in teaching. Mr. Meyer said that he had been in the home lands and probably not unacquainted with conditions in Eastern countries like China, were then elucidated, certain points occupying more, less, attention as the occasion seemed to demand.

An up-to-date Sunday School in a large country of population—the lecturer drawing his illustrations from London—consists of three divisions. In the first of these are children of the tenderest years—about seven being the age limit for the division in an upward direction. The second or middle division comprises pupils whose ages range from 7 to 14. An upper or senior division contains all the rest, the scholars being always about fourteen or fifteen and many among them being advanced in manhood and womanhood. In each of these divisions the classes move forward according to the number to be taught and available for the purpose. Of the Church in London to which he himself had ministered, Mr. Meyer told his hearers there were in the three divisions over four hundred scholars. On the last of training children for teachers the lecturer dwelt specially, and also on the training and disciplinary processes involved in the loyal and thorough-going and wherever the would-be teacher is to be instructed in children's teaching, Mr. Meyer stated that his ministry may be said to have begun with the teaching of a Sunday School class. There was also in his own family another noteworthy instance of a public life of large scope according to the number to be taught and available for the purpose. Of the Church in London to which he himself had ministered, Mr. Meyer told his hearers there were in the three divisions over four hundred scholars. On the last of training children for teachers the lecturer dwelt specially, and also on the training and disciplinary processes involved in the loyal and thorough-going and wherever the would-be teacher is to be instructed in children's teaching, Mr. Meyer stated that his ministry may be said to have begun with the teaching of a Sunday School class.

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E. A. HEWITT, Superintendent.

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MARSEILLES, via PORT SAUD, SYDNEY, REUNION, June 22, at 1 p.m.

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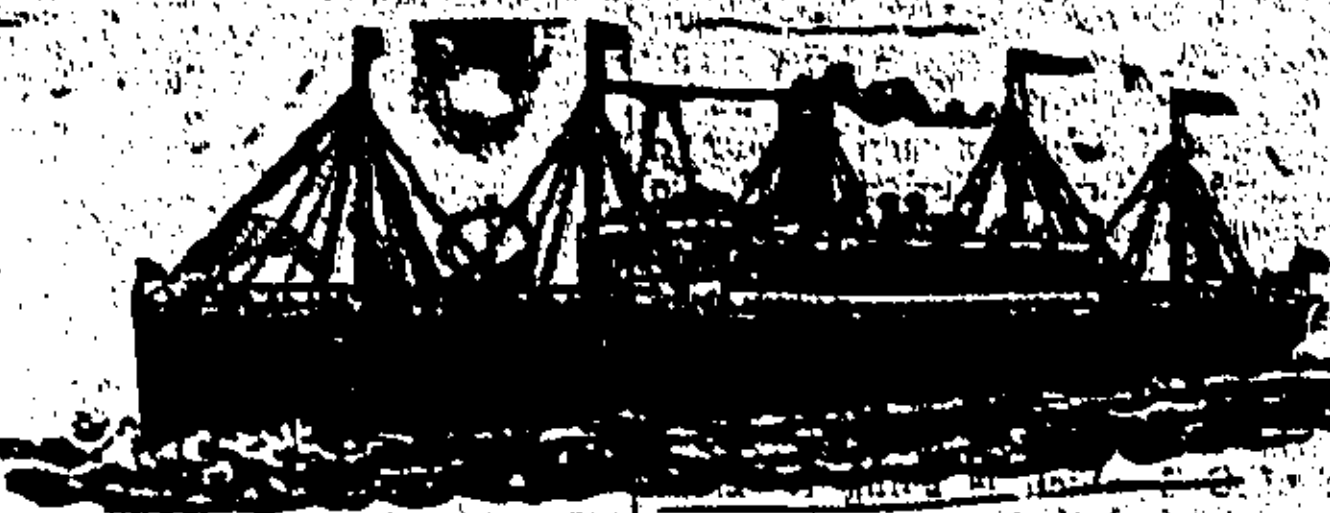
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PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

STEAMSHIP	Tons	DATE	TIME
MONGOLIA	27,000	TUESDAY	15th June, at Noon.
TENYO MARU	27,000	THURSDAY	17th June, at Noon.
KORU	27,000	THURSDAY	17th June, at Noon.
NIPPON MARU	27,000	THURSDAY	17th June, at Noon.
SIBERIA	27,000	THURSDAY	17th June, at Noon.
CHITRA	27,000	THURSDAY	17th June, at Noon.
MANCHURI	27,000	THURSDAY	17th June, at Noon.
CHITO MARU	27,000	THURSDAY	17th June, at Noon.

The S.S. MONGOLIA will leave for San Francisco, via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Shimizu, Yokohama and Honolulu, on TUESDAY, June 15th, at Noon.

Fares: Hongkong to London £71. 10. 0, including Berth and Meals across America.

INTERMEDIATE SERVICE.

The fine Mail Steamers ASIA and CHINA carry Intermediate passengers only, affording superior accommodation for that class.

China.....10,200 Tons TUESDAY, 27th July, at Noon.

Hongkong to London via Canadian Atlantic Ports \$43.

Hongkong to London via New York \$43.

SPECIAL RATES (first class only) granted to Missions, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Services, and to European Officials in the Services of the Chinese and Japanese Governments.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Japan, North, Central and South American Ports.

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(THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATIONS. STEAMERS. SAILING DATES, 1909.

MARSEILLES, LONDON, ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO AND PORT SAUD.

SADO MARU, Capt. Geo. Appenzell, Tons 6500, WEDNESDAY, 23rd June, at Daylight.

BINGO MARU, Capt. A. Christensen, Tons 6500, WEDNESDAY, 7th July, at Daylight.

VICTORIA, B.C. & SEATON, via MANILA, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBÉ, YOKOHAMA, SHIMIZU, YOKOHAMA, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE, via MANILA, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

DAY ISLAND, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

VILLAGE AND BRISBANE, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

BOMBAY, via SINGAPORE, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBÉ, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

KOBÉ AND YOKOHAMA, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

NAGASAKI, KOBÉ AND YOKOHAMA, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI, MOJI AND KOBÉ, THURSDAY, 24th July, at 4 p.m.

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Equipped with new System of wireless telegraphy.

EXTRA PASSENGER SERVICE NEW STEAMERS—EUROPEAN LINE.

FOR GEN. A. MARSEILLES, LONDON AND ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, SUZUKI AND PORT SAUD.

The Company's Newly Built 9000 Tons Passenger Steamers will be despatched from Hongkong as follows:—

Hirano Maru (Capt. H. Frazer) About Wed., 30th June.

Kamo Maru (Capt. E. L. Sommer) About Wed., 28th July.

Mishima Maru (Capt. A. E. Mozes) About Wed., 28th Aug.

Atsuta Maru (Capt. Wm. Thompson) About Wed., 22nd Sept.

CHARTERED PASSAGE RATES TO EUROPE AND AROUND THE WORLD.

CHEAPEST ROUND TRIPS.

HONGKONG AND JAPAN PORTS.

Commencing 1st June, ending 31st August, 1909.

SPECIAL EXCURSION TICKETS (1st & 2nd Class) AVAILABLE FOR 4 MONTHS.

Yokohama Return, Kobe Return, Moji Return, Nagasaki Return.

1st class, \$120. 2nd class, \$80.

With option of Rail between calling ports in Japan.

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